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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 1, 2015/2016

TNS3131 - NETWORK SECURITY AND MANAGEMENT

(All Sections / Groups)

5 OCTOBER 2015 2.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m. (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This Question paper consists of 5 printed pages including cover page with 6 questions only.
- 2. Attempt ALL questions in Section A and attempt ONE out of TWO questions in Section B. Marks and the distribution of marks for each question is given.
- 3. Please write all your answer in the Answer Booklet provided.

Section A: Attempt ALL questions

	Question	1	[10	Marks	
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- (a) Briefly define the following components of OSI security architecture.
 - i) Security attack
 - ii) Security mechanism
 - iii) Security service

[3 Marks]

- (b) With an aid of diagram, describe FOUR basic tasks in designing a security service.

 [5 Marks]
- (c) What is the difference between reactive and proactive network management? [2 Marks]

Question 2 [10 Marks]

(a) What are the **FOUR** principal services provided by PGP?

[2 Marks]

(b) What is the difference between IPSec transport mode and tunnel mode?

[2 Marks]

(c) What are the key elements of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) model?

[2 Marks]

(d) Which factors of wireless networks are of higher security risk compared to wired network?

[4 Marks]

Question 3 [10 Marks]

(a) List TWO classes of intruders.

[2 Marks]

(b) What are TWO common techniques used to protect a password file?

[2 Marks]

(c) Explain **THREE** general techniques used in a firewall.

[6 Marks]

Continued ...

Question 4 [10 Marks]

(a) What are the TWO basic functions used in encryption algorithms?

[2 Marks]

(b) List and briefly define THREE uses of a public-key cryptosystem.

[6 Marks]

(c) What is the purpose of the X.509 standard?

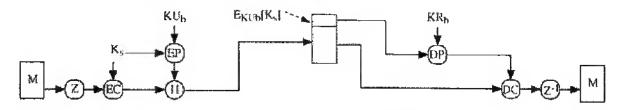
[2 Marks]

Continued ...

Section B: Attempt ONE out of TWO questions.

Question 5 [20 Marks]

(a) With the aid of diagram below, identify the PGP service and describe the sequence of operations of that service.



К,	= session key used in conventional encryption scheme
KR.	= private key of user A, used in public-key encryption scheme
KU,	= public key of user A, used in public-key encryption scheme
ΕP	= public-key encryption
DP	= public-key decryption
EC	= conventional encryption
DC	= conventional decryption
Н	= hash function
П	= concatenation
z	= compression using ZIP algorithm

[6 Marks]

(b) How is IPSec important for internetworking routing?

[4 Marks]

(c) What is the difference between an SSL connection and an SSL session?

[2 Marks]

(d) What is the relationship among SNMPv1, SNMPv2 and SNMPv3?

[3 Marks]

(e) Explain the **FIVE** different phases of operation of an IEEE802.11i Robust Security Network (RSN).

[5 Marks]

Continued ...

Question 6 [20 Marks]

- (a) With aid of diagrams, describe the encryption and decryption of triple DES.
 [8 Marks]
- (b) Describe Diffie-Hellman key exchange.

[8 Marks]

- (c) i) What is Kerberos?
 - ii) What problem was Kerberos designed to address?

[4 Marks]

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